



Industrial Base Analysis

~~A Readiness Tool~~

Presented By:

Bill Ennis

**DCMA Industrial Analysis
Center**

Phone: 215-737-3397, DSN 444-3397

FAX: 215-737-5371

E-Mail: wennis@dcmde.dcma.mil

- **Mission**
- **Operations**
- **Industry Surge**
- Analysis**
- **Assessment**
- **Summary**



- **Mission: *Support Defense Department Corporate Level Industrial Capability Analyses for Major Weapon Systems Acquisition, Logistics and Readiness Programs***
- **Directly Supports DoD Initiatives**
Improve the Health of the Defense Industrial Base
- Aldridge

Ensure US industrial base is robust, competitive and technologically current

DSB

We Enable the Warfighter to Win

- **Informed DoD Industrial Base Investment Decisions**
- **Planning for and Maintaining Military Readiness**
- **Weapon System Economic/Cost Considerations**
- **Preservation of Essential/Unique Industrial Capabilities**
- **Acquisition Strategies**
- **Supplier Reliability**
- **Maintaining Future Competition**



IB 101

- **WHO:** Private Firms, Organic Facilities, Academic institutions, R&D centers
- **WHAT:** Design, Develop, Manufacture, Upgrade, Maintain DoD Weapon Systems
- **WHEN:** Past, Present and Future
- **WHERE:** Domestic and International
- **WHY:** Assure Industrial Infrastructure that Supports National Security

- **Industrial Capability Assessments**
 - *Skills, Technologies, Processes, Facilities/Equipment, Risk and Investment*
 - *Domestic and Foreign Alternate Sources of Supply*
- **Industrial Surge Analysis**
- **Financial and Operations Analysis**
- **Economic Analysis and Forecasts**
- **Critical Infrastructure Protection**

DIRECTOR

Brigadier General Edward M. Harrington, USA

Executive Director

Mr. Robert Schmitt

Contract Management Operations

Director

Mr. Sydney Pope

Contract Technical Operations

Director

Mr. Bill Ennis

Industrial Analysis Center

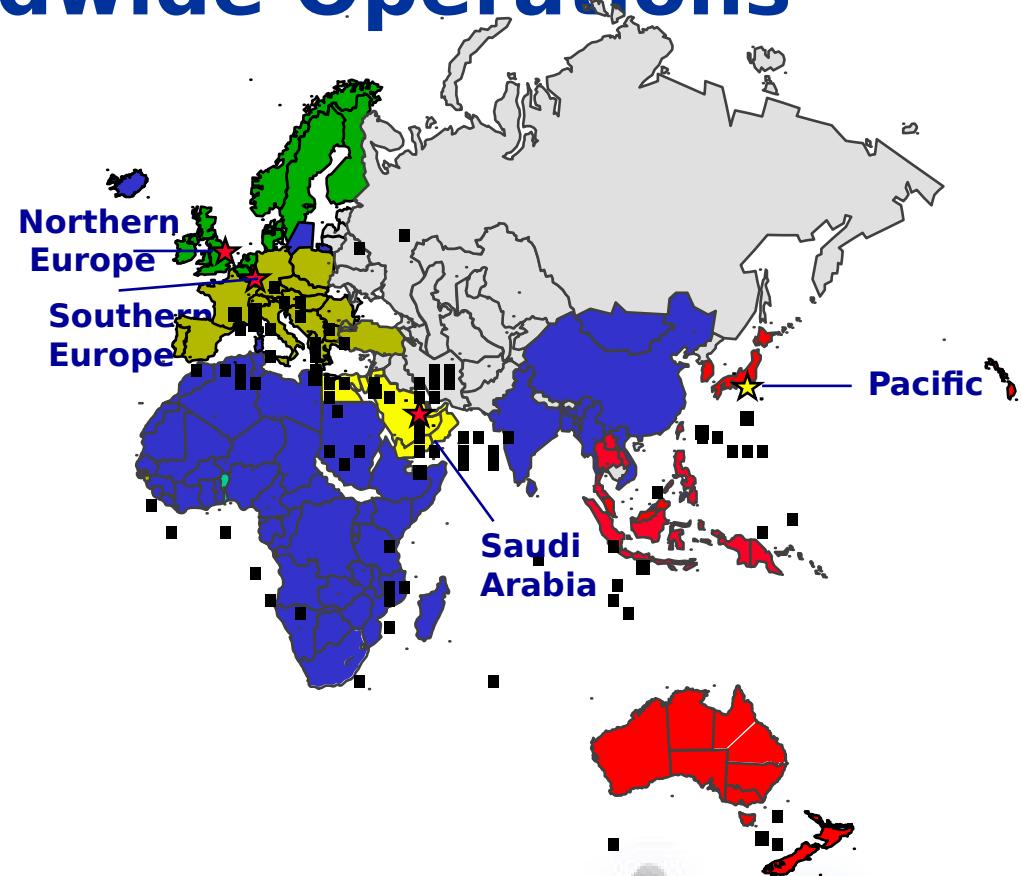
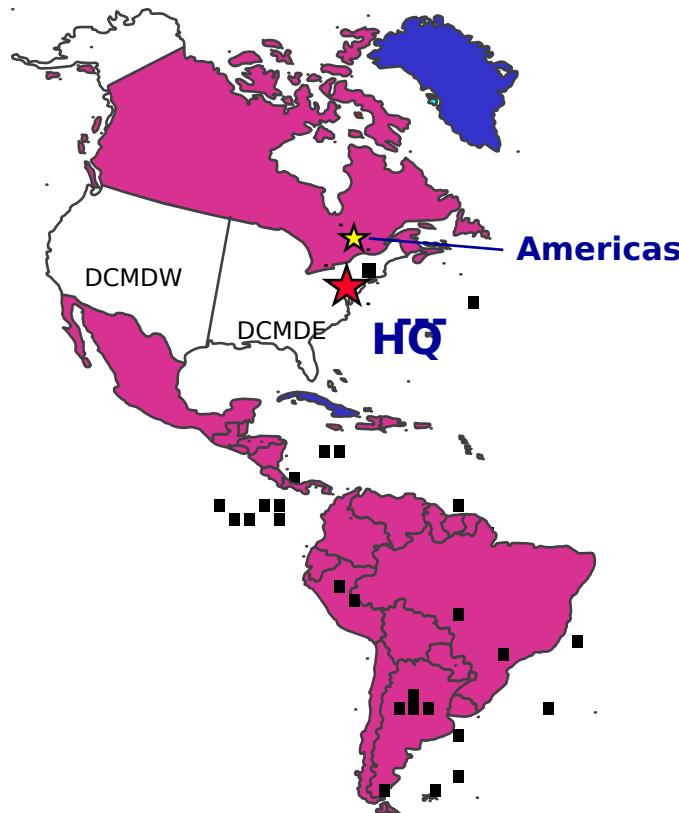
District and CMO

Industrial Analysis Managers

We Enable the Warfighter to Win

Defense Contract Management Agency

Worldwide Operations



U.S. Field Offices
International Field Offices Covering 21 Countries

We Enable the Warfighter to Win

Customers

OSD

DUSD IP

ASD C3I

Defense Acquisition University
Industrial College of the Armed Forces

ARMY

ASA (ALT)

HQ AMC

Army War College

AIR FORCE

AFMC

WARFIGHTERS

Joint Staff (J4/J8)

CENTCOM

JFCOM

NAVY

ASN

NAVAIR

NAVSEA

MDA

USMC



We Enable the Warfighter to Win



- Prime and Subtier Production Capabilities
- Manufacturing Capacity and Lead Times
- Production Rates (Current and Maximum)
- Critical Subcontractors

Decision Quality, Value Added Advice and Information

- Investment Costs and Schedules

- **Industrial Surge Analytic Support**
 - Missiles/Munitions: JDAM, TLAM, JSOW, GBU-10
 - CALCM, PAVEWAY, SLAM-ER, WCMD, MAVERICK
 - Major Systems/Subsystems: Inertial Measurement
 - Units (IMUs), Thermal Batteries, GPS Component
 - Other Areas: UAVs, Comm Batteries, Bomb Explosives
- **Alternate Sources**
 - Qualifiable or Potential
 - Time and Cost
- **Competing Industrial Resources**
 - Design/Engineering, Skilled Trades
 - Production Lines
 - Test Cells

- **Prime Contractors are Technologically Capable of Designing, Producing and Maintaining Weapons**

- ***Challenges***

- Rationalization
 - R&D – Technology Development
 - Financial Performance
 - Affordability
 - Human Resources

- **Critical Subcontractors - Increased Capability Risk**

- ***Challenges***

- Surge Production Capacity
 - Competing Demands
 - Financial Performance
 - Vertical Integration
 - Competition



- **The Fixed-Wing industrial base is generally healthy. The military aircraft business segments at the Prime Contractors have remained profitable over the last 3 years.**
- **Challenges**
 - Operational Performance - Mounting problems associated with an aging aircraft fleet further exacerbated by current high op-tempo. Replacements needed for KC-135, P-3, and EA-6B fleets. Unplanned structural modification required to keep aging F/A-18 and F-16 aircraft flying.
 - Rationalization - Significant idle production capacity remains at the prime integration sites. Some incremental footprint reductions are ongoing; however, no site closures are expected due to increased short-term programmatic risk.
 - Affordability - Tactical Aircraft

- **Human Resources** - A gradual erosion of industry's front-end design capabilities (workforce aging) appears likely with no foreseeable opportunities to develop a new manned Tactical Aircraft. For some contractors this loss may be mitigated by UCAV development work.
- **Competition** - The unprecedented level of international partnering on the Joint Strike Fighter program will accelerate globalization of the industrial base. Long-term implications for key domestic subsystem suppliers is currently unclear.



Rotary-Wing Aircraft Industry

- **The Rotary-Wing Industrial Base is strong and healthy and all Prime Contractors supplying helicopters for DoD are currently profitable.**

- Prime Contractors have strong sales with spares, kits, mod/upgrades, FMS.

- **Challenges**

- Rationalization - Capacity utilization levels at the four prime sites are relatively low, averaging 46% for 2002; should remain stable for at least the next 2 years.
 - *The current budget for the V-22 and RAH-66 programs represents 45% of the current Rotary-Wing budget and will represent 39% in FY06. Consolidation within the Rotary-Wing Aircraft industry is not likely unless a major program is cancelled.*
 - Competition - Joint Agreements
 - Technology Development and Operational Performance
 - Affordability
 - Competition - Sub-tier Manufacturing

- The Industrial Base is in place to handle present requirements (low volume buys)
- Challenges
 - Industry Surge Capacity- Prime Contractors state that production rates could be substantially increased over a period of time. Critical sub-tier suppliers state the same but need time to ramp up
 - Affordability - Operational “fixes” versus Future Systems Development
 - Competition and Vertical Integration

- **The Munitions Sector is healthy. There has been a 168% increase in funding since FY 2000 driven by increasing purchases of precision guided munitions (PGMs).**
- **Challenges**
 - Surge Capacity: Certain critical components of missiles and PGMs are possible risk areas due to capacity and capability constraints.
 - Competition: critical components

- **The Ammunition market is mostly defense driven and low volume. Prime and critical sub-contractors that comprise the ammunition industrial are generally healthy. The organic base is in a state of transition.**



- **Challenges**

- Rationalization - significant production capacity remains at all levels
- Technology Development - Low Procurement Levels
- Critical Sub-Contractor Financial Performance (DoD Market Dependence)
- Competition - Sub-tier Manufacturing
- Human Resources - Work force aging at organic sites



- **Adequate capabilities and capacity for vehicle system integration, mods/upgrades/ maintenance and technology insertions are currently in-place for the Combat and Tactical Wheeled Vehicle Sectors to meet current DoD Legacy and Interim Force program requirements**
- **Challenges**
 - Competition - Effects of program cancellations and reductions (Crusader, Abrams, Bradley and other Remanufacture/ Mods/Upgrades)
 - Technology Development efforts for the FCS program

- **Solid Rocket Motor (SRM) industry is low volume and predominately defense oriented**
- **Challenges**
 - Rationalization - Over capacity continues to be an issue in the SRM industry. Capacity utilization averaging less than 50%
 - Rationalization - Over capacity continues to be an issue in the SRM industry. Capacity utilization averaging less than 50%
 - Financial Performance - Sales and employment levels are steadily decreasing.
 - Technology Development - Propellants, Nozzles and Casing Materials



- **Launch System Integrator (LSI) workload is predominantly Expendable Launch Vehicles (ELVs).**

Adequate technology capability exists within the LSI industry.



- **Challenges**

- Rationalization- Overcapacity continues at LSI facilities; capacity utilization is averaging less than 40%
- Profitability- Decrease in demand for satellites has resulted in reduced requirement for ELVs



- **The RADAR industry is robust with overcapacity continuing to be reduced through consolidations and reorganizations. Strong sales revenue and profitable operations for prime contractors.**
- **Challenges**
 - Future Competition - Due to decreased demand, the number of competitors has been reduced, however, there are no current competition issues
 - Technology Development - Silicon Carbide, Gallium Nitride Power Transistors, Subarrays and Tile Antennas, Large Dynamic Range Receivers, A/D Converters, Low Phase Noise Oscillators and Direct Digital Synthesis
 - Financial Performance - Critical Subcontractors

- Utilization of the identified foreign sources does not impact U.S. military long-term readiness.
- Utilization of the foreign sources does not impact the economic viability of the national technology and industrial base.
- In most cases, domestic suppliers are available for the parts, components and materials provided by the foreign sources.

The Health of the Industrial Base is a High Departmental Priority

- **Weapon System Acquisition**
 - *Effective Risk Management*
 - *Informed Industrial Base Investment Decisions*
- **Industrial Surge Analysis**
 - *Warfighter Planning and Decision Making*
- **Homeland Defense**
 - *Critical Infrastructure Protection Analysis*

